

REPORT

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION FOR THE RESEARCH
USE OF TRAINED INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS

NEW SUCCESSES IN THE THIRD YEAR

By the middle of 1947, the USSR had reached its prewar level in the production of coal, copper, aluminum, nickel, electric power, tractors, and certain other machinery. In October 1947 all basic branches of industry had reached their prewar level of production. In the major industrial centers — Moscow and Moscow Oblast, Leningrad, Kiev, Sverdlovsk, and others — enterprises had fulfilled the plan of the second year of the Five-Year Plan, and were already working on the 1948 plan.

The workers of Leningrad have called upon the country to fulfill the objectives of the Five-Year Plan in 4 years.

Soviet workers and peasants in the past year have succeeded in eradicating the effects of the severest drought of the last 50 years. The increase in planted area compared with 1946 is more than 8 million hectares. The gross harvest of grain crops has increased by 58 percent. As much grain was produced in 1947 as in the best prewar years.

Many workers in various parts of the Soviet Union have pledged to fulfill their assignments under the Five-Year Plan in 3 and one-half or even 3 years. Rural agricultural workers have made similar pledges.

In 10 months of 1947, with the active participation of Komsomol organizations, 1,929 small hydroelectric power plants and 2,037 thermoelectric power plants were built; 989 machine-tractor stations and 4,125 collective farms were electrified. In addition, 32,566 radio centers were set up.

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